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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/083,920	02/27/2002	Alan B. Nierenberg	124736-1040	4885

32294 7590 01/09/2006

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EXAMINER

CIRIC, LJILJANA V

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

3753

DATE MAILED: 01/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Interview Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>		<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	10/083,920		NIERENBERG, ALAN B.	
	<b>Examiner</b>		<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Ljiljana (Lil) V. Ciric		3753	

All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):

(1) Ljiljana (Lil) V. Ciric. (3) \_\_\_\_\_

(2) Majid Albassam, Reg. No. 54,749. (4) \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Interview: 04 January 2005.

Type: a) ☐ Telephonic b) ☐ Video Conference  
c) ☒ Personal [copy given to: 1) ☐ applicant 2) ☒ applicant's representative]

Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) ☒ Yes e) ☒ No.

If Yes, brief description: definitions for "aboard", "onboard", and "on" (see attachments) LVC

Claim(s) discussed: 1-3.

Identification of prior art discussed: Moss Maritime A.S. (WO 01/03793 A1, previously of record).

Agreement with respect to the claims f) ☐ was reached. g) ☒ was not reached. h) ☐ N/A.

Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: See Continuation Sheet.

(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)

THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN ONE MONTH FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INTERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. See Summary of Record of Interview requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.

**LJILJANA CIRIC**  
**PRIMARY EXAMINER**

*LVC*

Examiner Note: You must sign this form unless it is an Attachment to a signed Office action.

Examiner's signature, if required

## Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

### Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

### Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews

#### Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

#### 37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,  
(The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

### Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Attorney Albassam and Examiner Ciric discussed the rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, and under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as presented in the previous Office action. Examiner Ciric explained that the term "on board" as used to describe the location of the vaporizer relative to the LNG carrier did not preclude the vaporizer 6 of the Moss Maritime reference from being readable on the vaporizer as claimed in the instant invention because the term "on board" does not necessarily mean "within the confines of the hull" of a ship or NOT submerged in the water alongside the ship. Rather, as shown by a perusal of the various common definitions of the terms "onboard", "aboard" and "on" as used with "board", and as known by the examiner from personal experience with submarine design, any object permanently attached to a ship and moving with the ship or towed by the ship (i.e., a towed array even) can be considered as being "on board" or "aboard" the ship. Thus, claim 1 as written fails to specify that the vaporizer is within the confines of the LNG carrier hull whereas the at least one heat exchanger is NOT within the confines of the LNG carrier hull but rather submerged in the water in which the LNG carrier is floating. Thus, claim 1 as written may be readable on a vaporizer which is permanently attached alongside an LNG carrier but is nested within another heat exchanger, where both the vaporizer and the other heat exchanger are submerged in the water in which the LNG carrier is floating.

The term "intermediate fluid" was also discussed, both as failing to correspond to a distinguishing structure in an apparatus claim such as claim 1, and in terms of what it means, namely a fluid which exchanges heat between two other fluids. In the instant case, Examiner Ciric explained the intermediate fluid of claim 1 as being readable on that portion of the sea water as disclosed by the Moss Maritime reference being pumped through the submerged heat exchanger shell casings as opposed to the sea water not being pumped therethrough, the pumped sea water exchanging heat between the LNG in vaporizer 6 and the sea water flowing around the outer casing enclosing vaporizer 6.

Examiner Ciric recommended rewriting claim 1 so as to clearly differentiate between the locations of the vaporizer and the at least one heat exchanger so as to preclude the two being nested as shown in the Moss Maritime reference and in other references of record such as by reciting the vaporizer as being within the confines of an LNG hull and the at least one heat exchanger as being outside of the confines of the hull, and by also clarifying the wherein clause in claim 1 by reciting the at least one heat exchanger as being either "configured to transfer heat to said intermediate fluid" or "configured to exchange heat with said intermediate fluid". Examiner Ciric explained that heat exchanger structures, absent electrical heaters or similar, therein, do not impart heating of a particular fluid by the heat exchanger.

Finally, Examiner Ciric noted that, upon reconsideration, a terminal disclaimer should be provided over the Nierenberg reference (US 6,688,114 B2, previously of record) in order to render the claims of the instant invention allowable over those of the later filed Nierenberg patent.